Morning Oregonian.

XXIV. PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 4, 1884 NO. 7589

RAILWAYS AND STEAMERS.

Oregon R'y & Navigation Co.

OCEAN DIVISION.

Leave Portland for Astoria and Flavel at 9 A.M. daily, except Sunday. Arrive at Astoria at 1:30 P.M. Leave Astoria at 4:30 P.M. daily, except Sunday. Arrive at Portland at 8:30 P.M.

Leave Portland for Ainsworth at 8:30 A.M. daily, except Sunday. Arrive at Ainsworth at 5:30 P.M. Leave Ainsworth at 9:30 A.M. daily, except Sunday. Arrive at Portland at 6:30 P.M.

Right reserved to change steamers or sailing days.

MAIL DIVISION.

Through steamer connection with Atlantic and Pacific Express trains for the East. Leave Ash-st. wharf Portland daily at 7:00 A.M. Arrive at Wasco Junction for Portland at 6:15 P.M. Through Sleeping Cars between Portland and Kansas City and Chicago. Second-class tickets honored in Emigrant Sleeping Cars. Emigrant Sleeping Cars between Kansas City and Chicago without change. Horses are not taken on Express trains. Cattle are carried on Express trains.

MIDDLE COLUMBIA RIVER DIVISION.

Boat leaves Portland for Dalles and intermediate points at 7:00 A.M. daily, except Sunday. Leave Portland for Lewiston and Riparia daily, except Sunday, at 7:00 A.M.

Arrive at Portland from Dalles at 5:00 P.M. daily, except Monday. Arrive at Portland from Lewiston and Riparia at 5:00 P.M. Wednesday and Saturday.

NARROW GAUGE RIVERSIDE—EAST SIDE.

Between PORTLAND and WEST SIDE JUNCTION, connecting with O. & C. R. R. at Woodstock.

Trains for Woodstock and West Side Junction leave Portland at 9:30 A.M. and 4:45 P.M. daily, except Sunday. Arrive at Woodstock at 10:30 A.M. and 5:45 P.M. Leave Woodstock at 11:00 A.M. and 6:15 P.M. daily, except Sunday. Arrive at Portland at 12:00 M. and 7:15 P.M.

For Hillsboro (via Tualatin) leave Portland at 4:45 P.M. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Returning, leave Hillsboro at 6:00 A.M. on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

BET. PORTLAND AND MILWAUKIE.

Leave Portland at 6:00 A.M. and 4:30 P.M. daily, except Sunday. Arrive at Milwaukie at 6:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. Returning, leave Milwaukie at 7:00 A.M. and 5:30 P.M. daily, except Sunday. Arrive at Portland at 7:30 A.M. and 5:30 P.M.

Tickets for sale at Ash-st. wharf office, and at Oregon Pacific Railroad depot, corner First and Jefferson sts.

General Offices—Cor. Front and B Sts.

C. H. PRESCOTT, Gen'l Manager. A. L. MAXWELL, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

GREAT OVERLAND ROUTE

Northern Pacific Railroad

278 MILES.

The Shortest Line to Chicago and all points East, and the ONLY line running

THROUGH trains between Portland and St. Paul and Minneapolis.

REMEMBER

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

Is the Only Line Running

PASSENGER TRAINS,

PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPING CARS,

PALACE DINING CARS, (meals 75c)

LUXURIANT DAY COACHES,

EMIGRANT SLEEPERS, (free of charge)

FROM

WASHINGTON AND OREGON POINTS

TO THE EAST.

See That Your Tickets Read

VIA THE NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

& ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS

And Thereby Avoid Change of Cars.

Leave Portland at 11:40 A.M. daily; arrive at Minneapolis or St. Paul 12:25 P.M., following day. Connection made at St. Paul and Minneapolis with all points East.

PACIFIC EXPRESS.

Leave Portland 10 P.M. daily. Arrive at Tacoma 4:30 A.M., Seattle 7:30 A.M., Portland 4:30 P.M. next day. Close connection made at Tacoma with Oregon & California R.R. for Ashland and all points in Southern Oregon.

DAILY PACIFIC (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED).

LEAVE		ARRIVE
Portland	7:30 A.M.	Ashland 4:55 P.M.
Ashland	5:45 P.M.	Portland 4:55 P.M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

Portland	4:00 P.M.	Lebanon 6:40 P.M.
Lebanon	6:00 A.M.	Portland 8:40 A.M.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars leave Portland and Ashland daily. Connection made at Roseburg with Stage for Coos Bay. Returning, leaves Marshfield Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

The Oregon & California Railroad Co. reserves the right to change the above schedule without notice. For regular trains on this line see time-card.

West Side Division.

BETWEEN PORTLAND and CORVALLIS.

Mail Train.

LEAVE		ARRIVE
Portland	9:00 A.M.	Corvallis 5:30 P.M.
Corvallis	9:30 A.M.	Portland 5:30 P.M.

Express Train.

LEAVE		ARRIVE
Portland	4:00 P.M.	McMinnville 8:05 P.M.
McMinnville	5:45 A.M.	Portland 9:45 A.M.

Local trains for way points. Children between 5 and 12 years of age half fare. Children under 5 years of age free when accompanied by parent or guardian. Baggage checked at residences or offices in Portland. Orders may be left at the Company's office, corner First and Morrison sts., Portland, or at the depot. Trains will be received at depot one hour before departure. Passengers are required to be at depot at least ten minutes before time of departure. Tickets will not be sold, nor baggage checked, after the departure of trains. Trains will be run by Pacific time, which is 12 minutes slower than Portland time.

H. HOEHLER, Manager. C. P. BOGUE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power, Impotency, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1 a box, or six boxes for $5, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by WOODARD, CLARKE & CO., Wholesale Druggists, PORTLAND, OREGON.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

DR. LIEBIG'S COMPOUND CURE FOR WEAKNESS.

Men suffering from Nervousness, Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nocturnal Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Impure Blood, Unfitness to Marry, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Pimples on the Face, Bashfulness, Sunken Eyes, Pain in the Back, Dizziness, Seminal Weakness, and all the train of evils brought on by indiscretion or excesses and solitary habits, should not get married or even think of it until they are cured. Marriage without cure is a crime. Don't be deceived by quacks and pretenders. Don't waste your money on worthless nostrums. Don't be humbugged by long-winded testimonials. Don't be afraid to write us your case. Don't be afraid to spend a few dollars to get cured. Don't be afraid to call on us. Don't be afraid to tell us your symptoms. Don't be afraid to tell us your habits. Don't be afraid to tell us your secrets. Don't be afraid to tell us your troubles. Don't be afraid to tell us your fears. Don't be afraid to tell us your hopes. Don't be afraid to tell us your ambitions. Don't be afraid to tell us your desires. Don't be afraid to tell us your weaknesses. Don't be afraid to tell us your strengths. Don't be afraid to tell us your virtues. Don't be afraid to tell us your vices. Don't be afraid to tell us your faults. Don't be afraid to tell us your failings. Don't be afraid to tell us your successes. Don't be afraid to tell us your failures. Don't be afraid to tell us your hopes. Don't be afraid to tell us your fears. Don't be afraid to tell us your joys. Don't be afraid to tell us your sorrows. Don't be afraid to tell us your pleasures. Don't be afraid to tell us your pains. Don't be afraid to tell us your aches. Don't be afraid to tell us your ills. Don't be afraid to tell us your cures. Don't be afraid to tell us your remedies. Don't be afraid to tell us your prescriptions. Don't be afraid to tell us your medicines. Don't be afraid to tell us your drugs. Don't be afraid to tell us your chemicals. Don't be afraid to tell us your elixirs. Don't be afraid to tell us your tonics. Don't be afraid to tell us your bitters. Don't be afraid to tell us your pills. Don't be afraid to tell us your powders. Don't be afraid to tell us your ointments. Don't be afraid to tell us your salves. Don't be afraid to tell us your liniments. Don't be afraid to tell us your lotions. Don't be afraid to tell us your washes. Don't be afraid to tell us your baths. Don't be afraid to tell us your douches. Don't be afraid to tell us your injections. Don't be afraid to tell us your enemas. Don't be afraid to tell us your suppositories. Don't be afraid to tell us your pessaries. Don't be afraid to tell us your plasters. Don't be afraid to tell us your poultices. Don't be afraid to tell us your fomentations. Don't be afraid to tell us your compresses. Don't be afraid to tell us your bandages. Don't be afraid to tell us your splints. Don't be afraid to tell us your crutches. Don't be afraid to tell us your canes. Don't be afraid to tell us your walking-sticks. Don't be afraid to tell us your umbrellas. Don't be afraid to tell us your parasols. Don't be afraid to tell us your fans. Don't be afraid to tell us your handkerchiefs. Don't be afraid to tell us your gloves. Don't be afraid to tell us your shoes. Don't be afraid to tell us your boots. Don't be afraid to tell us your stockings. Don't be afraid to tell us your garters. Don't be afraid to tell us your suspenders. Don't be afraid to tell us your belts. Don't be afraid to tell us your buckles. Don't be afraid to tell us your buttons. Don't be afraid to tell us your hooks. Don't be afraid to tell us your eyes. Don't be afraid to tell us your laces. Don't be afraid to tell us your ribbons. Don't be afraid to tell us your bows. Don't be afraid to tell us your ties. Don't be afraid to tell us your scarfs. Don't be afraid to tell us your shawls. Don't be afraid to tell us your cloaks. Don't be afraid to tell us your coats. Don't be afraid to tell us your vests. Don't be afraid to tell us your pants. Don't be afraid to tell us your skirts. Don't be afraid to tell us your dresses. Don't be afraid to tell us your hats. Don't be afraid to tell us your caps. Don't be afraid to tell us your bonnets. Don't be afraid to tell us your hoods. Don't be afraid to tell us your veils. Don't be afraid to tell us your wigs. Don't be afraid to tell us your toupees. Don't be afraid to tell us your switches. Don't be afraid to tell us your curls. Don't be afraid to tell us your braids. Don't be afraid to tell us your combs. Don't be afraid to tell us your brushes. Don't be afraid to tell us your mirrors. Don't be afraid to tell us your glasses. Don't be afraid to tell us your spectacles. Don't be afraid to tell us your eyeglasses. Don't be afraid to tell us your lorgnettes. Don't be afraid to tell us your opera-glasses. Don't be afraid to tell us your telescopes. Don't be afraid to tell us your microscopes. Don't be afraid to tell us your watches. Don't be afraid to tell us your clocks. Don't be afraid to tell us your chronometers. Don't be afraid to tell us your chronographs. Don't be afraid to tell us your chronoscopes. Don't be afraid to tell us your chronometers. Don't be afraid to tell us your chronographs. Don't be afraid to tell us your chronoscopes.

A WORLD OF POLITICS.

Butler Addresses Large Audiences in the West.

HARD AT WORK IN INDIANA

The Herald on the Colored Vote—Political Points—Proceedings of State Conventions, Etc.

THE COLORED VOTE

The New York Herald Canvasses Its Strength in the Coming Election

NEW YORK, Sept 3.—[Special.]—The *Herald* has the following: Either of the labor vote has been one of the great political factors in turning election one way or the other. The excitement over this has never yet in the minds of political managers. But for some time the impression has gradually been growing that the colored voters were preparing, to assert for themselves a power similar to that which the Irish element exercises in city matters and writers have shown that there were considerable elements of disaffection in the ranks of the colored vote. At the present time, when labor has held out the hand of fellowship to the colored men and when if ever negro voters have an opportunity to show their power, the fact is manifest that with the strict exercise of power against the Democratic party in power since the war, the colored people of the United States have generally been Republicans were kept pretty fairly for the Republican ticket. He could not say much for it was not thoroughly done. He was not willing to vote for Lincoln because they had not made a member of himself. He broke with the Democratic party because they were not willing to make a question once for all by the principle of the tariff in favor of the working-men. The time for protection to American industries has arrived. Canada wants to be annexed or all work at half wages.

SHORT SUBJECTS

Butler tells a humorous story. When the war broke out he found himself in command of the district of Annapolis, and British munitions of war were carried on the railroads. He was opposed to this, and upon one occasion he stopped a train loaded with munitions of war

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 4, 1884.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

A citizen of Portland, always a republican from conscientious principle, but who has had some hesitation about making up his mind to vote for Blaine, coupled with a possible thought of deciding in favor of Cleveland, not long since saw the name of an old friend and classmate, who now occupies one of the leading pulpits of Buffalo, given among others as authority for a statement as to Cleveland's life and character. He at once addressed to his friend a letter of inquiry about Cleveland, and received the following answer:

I think I know what I am talking about when I say that Grover Cleveland is: First—Intellectually, a very small pattern of a man. Second—Morally, licentious and intemperate. Third—Politically, a narrow-minded partisan democrat. There never was a greater case of idealizing than in his instance. No such man exists in Buffalo as is pictured by G. W. Curtis and others, under the name of Cleveland. Of course democrats are expected to vote for him, but why any one else should do so passes my comprehension. Luckily there is no chance for him, as the signs are, save by the choice going to the house of representatives. He is a poor candidate for you to begin with as a candidate for the republican nominee. It is a mistake to credit me with signing any statement against Cleveland. I never have done anything of the sort. But I do believe that all of Rev. Dr. Ball's charges against him are true, and much more. This, I think, is conceded by three-fourths of the well-informed people of Buffalo. Perhaps the other one fourth believes him to be maligned, though this fraction admit that he used to be a libertine. Don't you support him!

Leaving the exposition of the personal character and moral standing of Mr. Cleveland to those who, like the writer of the above, have best means of knowing, the general observer may find in Mr. Cleveland's own utterances abundant material for an estimate of the man intellectually and politically. All his utterances show him to be a dull and stupid kind of man. His stock of ideas is limited to a few labored commonplaces. He has no variety of thought or facility of expression. His portraits discover a heavy, overfed and sensual habit, bearing the stamp of mediocrity as plainly as his attempts to speak or write reveal the poverty of intellect. Politically he may be summed up in his own claim that he has always been a consistent democrat. That is, he has through his whole life been too narrow to entertain a thought in opposition to his party, though his life has covered the era of his party's championship of everything that is bad in politics. He stood with his party in opposing the abolition of slavery, in resolving that the war was a failure, in trying to defeat the constitutional amendments and then in trying to destroy them, in the long and persistent endeavor to withhold civil rights from the colored people of the country, in the effort to debase the national dereliction on financial questions, in the whole scheme of things that has caused the country during so long a period to distrust and reject the democratic party. He is but a narrow man who not only has not been quickened by the impulse of what has been done in America for liberty and justice during the last twenty-five years, but has in fact opposed this movement at every step. Such a man may well enough be taken out of the vocation of the plodding and common place lawyer and made the sheriff of a county, and such a man would be glad of the higher opportunity which the office of sheriff would give him. Accident might even make him the governor of a state, and supposed availability scenre him a nomination for the presidency; but as yet the people of the United States have never elected to the presidency a man so manifestly poor in intellectual resources as Grover Cleveland, nor one so immoral in personal conduct and private life as those who know Cleveland best assert him to be.

THE NEWS AND OPINION.

A reader in Southern Oregon complains that THE OREGONIAN is more an organ of republican than of democratic opinion; that it gives more republican than democratic news; that he does not find the New York *Times*, the *World* and other papers that support Cleveland quoted so often in its telegraphic reports as the *Sun*, Philadelphia *Press*, and other papers that oppose Cleveland or support Blaine; and though he finds THE OREGONIAN indispensable for its general news, yet he thinks it biased and regrets that it is so. The complaint made by our friend lies to some extent against every newspaper that takes a pronounced part in a political contest. The thing complained of becomes unavoidable. In every political contest in which a newspaper participates—and every newspaper worth the name does participate in a presidential contest—each journal is naturally drawn into closer association or connection with political friends than with political opponents. Its sources of news are by necessity more closely associated with one party than the other. We do not now speak of the associated press, which aims to be quite impartial, since it serves journals of both parties, but of other news not covered by the associated press, and which, in fact, from its partiality to one side or the other the associated press cannot touch. Our critic will not find in journals that support Cleveland, as the *Times*, *World* and *Herald* of New York, any news or opinion favorable to Blaine. It is not their policy to publish it, nor have they arrangements for getting it. While THE OREGONIAN cannot claim to be a great newspaper like those of eastern cities, with unlimited resources for buying and carrying news, nevertheless it publishes more of democratic news and opinion than any of the great independent or democratic journals named by our correspondent publish of republican news or opinion. The associated press, whose management is mainly in republican hands, to avoid the charge of partisan bias, nearly always gives fuller democratic than republican reports. We have not yet had so full a report of a speech on the republican side of the canvass as the reports of that delivered by Mr. Hendricks at Indianapolis on Saturday night last and published in THE OREGONIAN next morning. Never a day passes that does not find in our columns a large amount of news of the democratic, greenback or prohibition campaign. We know we do not bring by telegraph from eastern papers as much editorial opinion favorable to Cleveland as against him. Few, we think, would expect us to do this. Certainly the democratic papers, east or west, do nothing of the kind, nor do even the greatest of the independent papers. It may be said, then, by our critic, that THE OREGONIAN is not an ideal journal. Possibly; and we may add that a small town upon the remote verge of the continent is a poor place to publish an ideal journal containing everything, including opinions to suit everybody. There is, however, a clear distinction between news and opinion, which THE OREGONIAN endeavors to maintain.

The forthcoming statement of the postmaster general will show that this great country has now over 50,000 postoffices for its over 50,000,000 people, or about one for every 1,000 persons. The employes of the department number over 100,000. Of course, the sum required to run so large an establishment is something enormous. The salaries of postmasters alone amount to nearly $10,000,000, and the sum paid for transportation of mails $25,000,000. The number of postoffices is increasing steadily at the rate of 2,000 a year.

The thrifty queen of England, who is immensely wealthy and as penurious as she is affluent, is said to be about to revise her will. Her intentions are unknown, but it is safe to say that none of the property will go outside her immediate family. It is expected that an application will be made by her to parliament "in behalf of the children of the prince of Wales." Parliament has refused several requests made by her to pay the debts of the prince.

The New York *Sun* now calls Cleveland "a man of beef." This is more contemptuous than calling General Hancock "a good man—weighing 250 pounds."

THE VULGAR HEART.

"A habitation gild by and unsure
Hath he who buildeth on the vulgar heart."

A correspondent of the New York *Sun* closes a long letter, in which both the democratic and the republican parties are severely arraigned, with the hysterical inquiry, "Is there not a chance for a new-born people's party, with a resolute, outspoken, able and courageous standard bearer like General Butler, to redeem and save the country?" It is probable that General Butler thinks so, otherwise he would not be trying to organize such a party. A large number of people evidently agree with him. But many are supporting him, not because they expect he will succeed, but because they think that by so doing they will cause a disruption of the old parties, and out of the wrecks of both a better party may be formed. They regard Butler very much in the light of the quack who threw all his patients, no matter what ailed them, into fits, and then doctored them for that lively complaint because, as he said, "he was death on fits." In other words, they think that the old parties are so strongly intrenched in the various interests of the country, and in its traditions, that nothing short of a revolut on can overthrow them, and open the way for a new party.

But whatever may be the need of a new party it cannot be formed upon the Butler platform, and it would be a terrible calamity if it could be. Butler is building on the vulgar heart. In his career as governor of Massachusetts he proved an exception to the almost universal rule that a man acting under the responsibilities of an important official trust, will be more conservative and decent than in private life. He slandered his state, quarreled with its officers, and sought the applause of the ignorant and vicious populace by publishing a shameless and filthy sensational report of an investigation of the Tewksbury almshouse, which he never visited. He was never more fittingly characterized than by the New York *Sun* in 1873 as a "mad man with crooked ways, foul methods, distorted mind and wicked heart, who glories in these moral deformities, flaunts them constantly before the public eye and traffics in them as political merchandise. Rejoicing in his own shame and coining money from open venality, discarding any pretense of principle, bound by no ties of honor, scoffing at religion, making politics a trade, despotic when clothed with authority, cowardly by nature, mercenary from habit and destitute of one ennobling quality for manly attributes to lift him up above these wretched characteristics." His recent address to his "constituents" has been aptly styled "the culmination of the colossal impudence and arrogance of a man whose life has been spent in self-seeking of the most sordid kind, pursued with a duplicity and unscrupulousness without modern parallel." He has belonged to all parties, has deserted all parties, has fought and traduced all parties. He has no guiding principle beyond a desire for notoriety. He is only in his element so long as he is a disturbing force. He denounces the press because it has so frequently exposed his greed, his tergiversations, and his charlatanism. When the communists were in possession of Paris, setting fire to the public buildings and slaughtering priests and patriotic soldiers and citizens, he was regarded, like his close friend Wendell Phillips, as one who approved and justified their sanguinary acts. His letter addressed to the greenbackers, workingmen and anti-monopolists is demoralizing in its essence and tendency. He professes to despise both political parties, yet recommends union with either in states where each is weakest, and he advises the organization of a people's party, with himself, of course, as high priest and trusted counsellor, which will solve the hitherto insoluble problem of securing to employes high wages by heavily taxing imported goods, and at the same time preventing the monopolies which it is the function of all high tariffs to produce.

While posing as the friend of the workingman he has been paying the operatives in his mill at Lowell less than those in neighboring mills, and his own profits at the same time, as the records show, have averaged 26¾ per cent. He is not only a monopolist but the friend and ally of monopolists. While in congress he antagonized the Thurman bill to compel the Pacific railroads to pay the annual instalments of interest owed by them to the government. In the critical hour of the strike of Western Union operatives a year ago, when it was in his power to aid the oppressed, he threw his influence in favor of Gould's gigantic monopoly and gave the strike a demoralizing blow. He has never in his political life accomplished one good thing, and those who are now deluded by him will find themselves in the end deserted and deceived. He is supremely selfish, and he appeals to the same motives as those by which he is actuated. And this is the reason why he will fail. He aims below the average line of humanity, at "the vulgar heart," and therefore his followers will always be the minority, and even their support will not be lasting. Our government rests upon the conviction, expressed by Fisher Ames, that "the people always mean right, and if time is allowed for reflection and information they will do right." Its policy is shaped, to quote again from Mr. Ames, by the "calm review of public transactions which is made by the citizens, who have families and children as pledges of their fidelity." Popular governments are destroyed, he said, by faction and enthusiasm. "The people when they lose their liberties are cheated out of them. They nourish factions in their bosoms which will subsist so long as abusing their credulity shall be the means of acquiring power." It is only a faction that Butler addresses, and this he can keep alive only so long as he can successfully abuse their credulity. And this will not be long. The Central labor union of New York, representing many thousands of workingmen, almost unanimously voted not to invite him to be present at their parade next Monday. There are other indications that "the calm review of public transactions" which these citizens have made has already decided them to pay no attention to the man who recognizes in them nothing but a vulgar heart. They know what moral nobleness means, even though they do not always reach it, and in their final treatment of Butler the truth of those lines from Shakespeare with which we introduced this article, will receive a fresh and powerful illustration.

There will be plenty of food this year, no matter who is elected president. According to the last report of the statistician of the department of agriculture, the condition of the corn crop is bigger than since 1880, and has been exceeded but three times in ten years; spring wheat has not been exceeded since 1877; winter wheat is harvested and is an assured crop, never exceeded except in 1880; cotton is rather backward, and the yield depends much on the weather to come; tobacco promises a large crop; the yield of potatoes will be large, though less than last year; hay and pasturage are in a low condition in the east and low in the west; the apple crop will not be full for a bearing year on account of the late spring frosts; the peach crop is very large in the eastern peach districts. Altogether the earlier promises of a bountiful harvest seem certain of fulfillment.

In Massachusetts women and children are driving men out of many industries. The trades in which the former are a very large majority are awnings and tents, buttons, dressstrimmings, carpetings, clothing, cotton goods, woollens, fancy goods, flax and linen, hair work, hose, rubber, mixed textiles, paper, silks, sewing goods, straw goods, and wrapping goods. Sixty trades show a preponderance of men.

In 1850 Maine opened the contest badly for the republicans by going democratic for the first time in more than twenty years. It is conceded that it will go republican next Monday, the question being as to the size of the majority. Its vote will be some indication of trend of political sentiment; but if the managers of the republican national campaign would avoid a mistake they must recognize the fact that the real contest is not in the east, but in the west. It is, in fact, in Ohio. The liquor question in Ohio is in such shape as to make it doubtful whether the republicans can carry the state, and they certainly cannot without very hard work. An Ohio goes in October, so the presidential election will probably go and Ohio is going to vote without much reference to Vermont and Maine.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, in speaking recently of the English system of parliamentary representation says that in 1878 one-sixth of the voters returned one-half of the members of the house of commons, and the only improvement since then was that at present one fifth instead of one-sixth of the voters returned one-half of the members. A million people in 85 counties send 136 members to parliament, and the same number in 277 boroughs send 290 members; while two, another six million, living in small towns and villages, send only 16 members. Another fact cited is that of Warwick, with 22,000 inhabitants, sending two members to parliament, while only one more than that number is sent by the great town of Birmingham, with its population of 400,000. In what is known as the "Black Country," out of fourteen members sent to parliament four represent 80,000 people, and the other four about 600,000.

There is a great howl in Kentucky among the democrats over the election of a republican judge. It is a large district, composed of fourteen counties and the democrats had no thought of being beaten, and did not suspect it was necessary to do a little balldozing or stuffing of ballot-boxes, until the votes were all counted and the returns filed with their several county officers. When the returns were all added up they were just 625 votes short and W. H. Holt, the republican candidate, elected. But this result need not cause rage republicans to hope that the Danville and Capish methods will be neglected to make the south solid for Cleveland, unless he is so badly beaten before election day as to make their work of no use.

In Vermont the republican vote is about 10 per cent. less than in 1880; the democratic vote is about 7 per cent. less. Neither party appears to have made much effort. It is rather strange that any real interest is ever taken in an election in Vermont, since the vote of one party has been more than two to one over the other for many years past. The real cause of the decrease of the vote now reported may perhaps be attributed, in part at least, to decrease of a voting population. Vermont has made no gain in aggregate population during the last twenty-five years, and the constant departure of young men for the west increases the disparity between the number of voters and the total population.

The *Labor World* of Philadelphia says: "No man was ever so successful in bringing upon his head the condemnation of labor as Grover Cleveland. From Maine to California the universal sentiment among the working people is, 'Down with Cleveland and monopoly.' The labor papers are a unit on this subject."

The New York *Daily News*, whose circulation of 101,000 is among the laboring men of the city and vicinity, regrets that Butler did not take up the workingmen's cause until he had become rich through fees and emoluments as the advocate and legal adviser of capitalists, monopolies and rich corporations."

PRESS PITH.

Why don't you fence in yourself, boatman, instead of sending that company? Reality is too dangerous. "Don't be frightened Sadie; the boy can swim."—*Harper's Bazar.*

Let us of dude moderation, left over from last season, be duly shipped into the proper hands for slave ing us. The tailors of this country don't believe in wasting anything.—*Burlington Free Press.*

It is difficult for fishermen to remember upon which side of a vessel are carried the green and the red lights respectively. But when one remembers that port is red, it ought not to be easy to forget that red is port.—*Boston Transcript.*

Logwood sells that cost $15.00 apiece a year ago can now be bought for $8.00 each. Despite the great fall in prices, we advise our readers to defer purchasing for a few weeks their winter stock of locomotives. They may be much cheaper in the fall.—*Norristown Herald.*

A Oregon gentleman wishes to know which is proper to say on leaving a young lady friend after a late call—guided light or good evening. Never tell a lie, young man. Say good morning.—*Boston Post.*

MEETING NOTICE.

VOCAL ENDEAVOR.—All members are requested to meet on Friday, September 5, at 10 o'clock P. M., at the MUSIC HALL, Fourth Street, for rehearsal. Per order of MARIE BRAPP, Secretary.

Advertisements such as "Wants," "Help Wanted," "To Let," "For Sale," etc., will be inserted for ten cents per line first insertion, five cents per line thereafter. No insertion for less than 25 cents, and cash must be paid at the counter. No bill for collection less than 50 cents.

Deaths, Marriages and Births fifty cents each. Resolutions of Condolence ten cents per line. All personal advertising payable in advance.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS for Sept. at Wms' Male Store, 52 Yamhill street. 16tf

NEW TO-DAY.

SEE IS FOR ONE OF MY FARMS OR BERLIN LOTS. H. B. LOCKE, Third and Alder. 8tf

ALL WOOL DRESSES, SEND YOUR ORDER to LITT, the Leader, Third and Alder. 9tf

TWO UPSTAIRS ROOMS WANTED AT MRS. LITT'S.

COOK BARBER WANTED AT COTTER & Lillibridge's, No. 7 Morrison st., Occidental building.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork in small family. Inquire 474 E, cor. 20th.

WANTED—GIRL. 270 FIRST-GENERAL HOUSEwork in small family; reference required. Call 23 Seventh street. 8tf

W. L. SPEAR FOR THOSE GLASSES THAT look like old wooden, received direct by the Northwest. 3 NEWBERY'S, old hall and book building, 8 and 10 Morrison street.

FOR RENT—MILES FROM PORTLAND; 30 fruit; wood and water abundant. Apply to room 2, Union block. 8tf

JUST RECEIVED—FRENCH CASTORS, PINCENEZ and opticians' goods; Photoffice Candy Store, cor. 1st and Morrison sts.

FOR SALE—A GOOD BIG SPRING IN THE CITY limits; good for 50 cows; will sell cheap; a rare chance. Address N. K. care this office. 8tf

TO RENT—SMALL FURNISHED ROOM SUIT able for gent; price $5. No. 10 Market st., between First and Front. 8tf

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND DO GENeral housework. Apply at 8 W. corner Yamhill and Third streets, between 8 and 9.

LOOK—TURN ALL SATURDAY EVENing by PROFESSOR KANE. Subject: "God Protects Children 25 cents."

STOCK WANTED—SIX SHARES OF HOME Mutual insurance stock. Send address with price R. B., care Oregonian office.

FOR SALE—A GOOD PAYING RESTAURANT and other business, on account of other business. Address P. O. Box 19, Salem, Or. 6tf2

A HOME HOUSE NEAR POSTOFFICE FOR rent and furniture for sale. Apply between 9 and 10:30 o'clock to 187 Sixth st. 8

FOR RENT—A LARGE PARTLY FURNISHED house, close to a desirable tenant. Apply at 29 Twelfth st., Eleventh and Twelfth. 8tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—1 FIRST CLASS boot maker, also 1 first class pants maker for New Tacoma. Good shops. Apply to HAAS & SAILINGS, New Tacoma.

NOTICE—DR. E. C. SMITH WILL REOPEN office, 100 Front, corner Yamhill and Wash streets, on September 10. All kinds of dental work done in guaranteed first class.

FINE 3 MANTEL, HEAVY DAMASCUS BURR Steel Shotgun; cost $15.00; splendid shooter; with shell; new; a bargain; $12.50. 24 First st. near Main.

SALE OR EXCHANGE—A SMALL BAKERY. Call at the residence of Thomas shields, on the Columbia slough, or address same, with name boy, P. O. or call at the store of Thomas Shields, on the Columbia slough, for sale in main bay, 4 miles from Portland, Or. The said land is six miles from East Portland. 8tf

A HOUSE OF 8 ROOMS AND BATH ROOM Situated No. 3 Hall st., bet. First and Front. Inquire of BARRISH, WATKINS & CORNELL, No. 3 Washington street. 2tf

IMPORTED SWISS CREAM AND OTHER cheese always on hand at Reed, Hall & Martin's fancy creamery, groceries and fruit, MRS. RAPP, 8 Yamhill st., bet. Fourth and Fifth. Country orders solicited. 12tf

FOR SALE—A CIGAR, FRUIT AND CONFECtionery stand, doing a paying business. Must sell on account of sickness. Inquire at 8 Yamhill st.

DON'T FORGET OUR OLD FRIENDS C. F. CHURCH, the Fourth Ward Barber, 214 street, next door.

FOR EXCHANGE—TWO LOTS WITH FOUR houses situated in Albina; will exchange for improved property in some small town; must be cheap for cash. Address "W," care this office.

NOW IS THE TIME TO INVEST IN REAL estate; those who have money to loan, whose notes are not worth 100 cents on the dollar, can have a chance to loan on good security, and receive the highest rate of interest allowed by law. Apply to CHARLES A. WOLF & CO., 1st floor, Ockington building, 3 and 5 Sansome st., San Francisco, Cal.

A GOOD BUSINESS CHANCE. HENRY SAFER, the only manufacturer of Safer's Patent Cigar Lighters, wishes to sell the exclusive right for the manufacture and sale of the same in Oregon and Washington Territory. Address HENRY SAFER, 1 Montgomery st., San Francisco, Cal.

Wagon Stock..... 81 to Wood Rims..... 1 25
Hubs and Shifters..... 2 50 Boxed Hubs..... 4 00
Spokes..... 2 50 Bundled Do Spokes..... 2 00
Dowels..... 1 00 Bolsters..... 2 00
Spanish Lace, 75 cents; Escurial lace at MORGAN'S, No. 20 Morrison street.

NEW YEAR CARDS. FULL LINE WILL BE OFFERED TO-DAY, corner First and Salmon streets.

NEW TO-DAY.

HERE WE ARE—BACK FROM NEW YORK.

We have only a few words for you to-day:

ARTHUR KOHN has just returned from New York, where he has been the last two months, to take advantage of dull times there and get some bargains for our Oregonians, and we will continually notify you through the "Oregonian" columns of the bargains we are offering. This week we offer you

ONE THOUSAND PAIR PANTS

from the GREAT ASSIGNEE SALE of CARHART, WHITFORD & Co., New York, PURCHASED AT 50c ON THE DOLLAR. So you can all expect bargains in pants never before heard of. Good first-class pants at $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4, $4.50, $5, at very little more than half their value. These goods must go, and you in need of them had better COME EARLY.

Another attraction, our new stock of Fall styles in

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,

The latest BROADWAY STYLES, all at low prices. We want to say right here that we guarantee to sell Hats of the finest quality and latest styles at 25 per cent less than any house in Oregon now excepted, so if you care to save money call on us.

BOYS' SUITS.

We are agents for the Webster Boys' Suits. With every suit we give a Dictionary, direct from the manufacturer. We are the only house in the State that can do this. Webster Suits. They are an elegant plaided suit and just the thing parents want for boys.

We cordially invite all to call on us. No trouble to show goods. Marked in plain figures.

CLOTHIERS, JOHNSTEIN & CO. HATTERS, Cor. First & Morrison Sts.

FALL IMPORTATIONS

JUST OPENED:

Black and Colored Silks,
Plain and Fancy Dress Goods,
Cloaks, House Jerseys,
Street Jerseys, Gloves,
Handkerchiefs, Laces,
Ribbons, Tidies.

JOHN CRAN & CO.

EXCURSION TO SEASIDE.

THE STEAMER LURLINE

Will leave Alder street

SATURDAY at 9 P. M.

—FOR—

Astoria, Seaside, Hwaco & Young's River,

Connecting at Astoria with steamer Gen. Miles at 8 A. M. Sunday for Ilwaco. At Seaside Landing with stage for Ellis' Seaside House.

ROUND TRIP tickets and stage from Ilwaco or Seaside to connect with the Lurline, which will leave Astoria for Portland at 2 P. M. Sunday.

This is the only excursion boat that will make the above connections, thereby insuring a safe trip to Seaside. Fare $5 for the round trip.

Oregon Railway & Navigation Co.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

Until further notice no freight will be received by the Company for any points upon River or Sound Divisions.

A. L. STOKES, G. F. & P. A.

First Ward Battalion,

BLAINE & LOGAN REGIMENT!

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF ALL PERsons interested in raising the above organization, together with those who have already signed the Blaine & Logan rolls, here in the First Ward,

On Saturday Evening, Sept. 6th,

At 8 o'clock.

At the Artillery Armory Hall, D st., between Fifth and Sixth Sts.

For the purpose of organizing for above named battalion. By order of the Committee. 8tf

PORTLAND FISH MARKET.

We are receiving a large lot of

Salmon and Fresh Fish Daily,

And are prepared to fill all country orders.

JAMES WILLIAMS & CO., CENTRAL MARKET. 4tf&9

VAIO & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Fish, Game, Poultry, Oysters.

Country orders solicited. Fish packed in ice and carefully shipped to all parts of the country. 65 Yamhill st.—Branch, the Boston Market, 382 First st., bet. Clay and Market, Portland, Or. 4tf&9

GUARDIAN'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AS GUARdian of the minor heirs of Mark Brooker, deceased, I will on Friday, the 5th day of December, 1884, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the county courthouse of Multnomah county, sell at public auction all of block 44, Carruthers' addition to the city of Portland or portions of lots thereof. Terms, 10 per cent of purchase price on the day of sale, and half of balance on confirmation of sale, remainder in one year at 10 per cent interest, secured by mortgage deed on purchaser's premises. JOSEPHINE CROCKER, Guardian.

GREENWOOD CEMETERY.

A DJOINING RIVER VIEW CEMETERY, IN South Portland, including been so beautifully graded and improved, for sale only for sale by

A. P. DEVLIN, 109 Second street,

Of the Superintendent at the Cemetery. 9tf

Fish, Game, Poultry, Oysters

SAM. A. ALLEN, at Prices' Portland Market, No. 99 Yamhill street.

Orders promptly filled. 1y

WOODS, THE HATTER,

INTRODUCES HIS FALL STYLES NEXT SATurday. 9tf

PORTLAND MECHANICS FAIR Oct. 9th, 25th.

E. W. ALLEN, Superintendent.

Portland Box Factory.

G. W. HATES, SUCCESSOR TO JOHN BARLOW & Co., all orders promptly filled. Factory, Waldlein's Saw Mill, Office, 6 Washington st., 2d floor.

Key winding watches changed to stem-winders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

MC MECHEN & GREEKERO.

WANTS.

WANTED—OFFICE OF 4 OR 5 ROOMS WITH convenience, central locality, for small family. S. J. Ackerman, room 4, 84 Second st. 9tf

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS to let, cheap. Enquire of Dr. Hall, 209 Morrison, between Third and Fourth. 9tf

WANTED—TWO OR THREE UNFURNISHED rooms for housekeeping, by a gentleman and wife. Address "A," Oregonian office. 9tf

WANTED—HOUSE OF 7 OR 8 ROOMS WITH conveniences; location central; state lowest terms. Address, with full particulars, "Central," this office. 9tf

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN IN city or country to call at 113 Fourth st. and work at their own homes; steady employment; good wages; no canvassing. Call at once. 9tf

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork and furnish steady employment. Address, with stamp, CHOICE, 8 Park Place, Oregonian building. 9tf

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

A SHORTHAND WRITER AND TYPE-WRITER DE sires position; best references. Address G. T. PHILLIPS, Oregonian office. 9tf

WANTED—SITUATION, BY A COMPETENT woman, as housekeeper; is a good cook; no objection to country; city or restaurant. Apply for further information at 9 Yamhill st. 9tf

WANTED—BY A PERFECTLY COMPETENT Scandinavian girl, a place to do general housework; is handy with children; good reference. Call at 9 Yamhill st. 9tf

SITUATION WANTED TO DO GENERAL housework or cooking; two reputable girls; references required. Inquire at No. 65 Third st., between Ankeny and Pettygrove. 9tf

A YOUNG MAN, FULLY FROM THE EAST, is experienced, can give satisfaction to both employer and employed, desires a situation. Address "B," Oregonian office. 9tf

WANTED—SITUATION IN A MARKET, BY a young man with three years experience; is sober and willing to work. Address "B," care Oregonian office. 9tf

GIRLS—RELIABLE AND WILLING TO work, at 9 Yamhill st., Cabin, Oregon block.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; must be a good cook. Call at 19 Second street, corner Market.

GIRLS WANTED TO APPLY CALL AT MRS. PLAGE'S, Dekum's block, First and Washington.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—ENERGETIC MEN TO TRAVEL and sell; steady employment; wages $75 per month and expenses. Address, with stamp, S. R. MCCLAIN & CO., 125 Monroe st., Chicago, Ill.

AT ONCE—AGENTS WANTED TO CANVASS for the best and fastest selling subscription book out; sells on sight; 100 per cent profit; one agent reports 18 orders per week; 1. R. CO., 205 Clark st., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL AN ARTICLE needed in every store and dwelling in the country. Address with stamp, 8 Sansome st., San Francisco, Cal.

MEN OF CHARACTER AND ABILITY TO handle Queen of Cleveland and Republican Campaign Banners. C. C. Pinney, Sec., Cal. 12tf

AGENTS WANTED TO TRAVEL—WAGES from $3 to $10 per day; no experience required; office hours, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. J. H. BEASLEY & CO., 1025 Morrison st., Portland, Or. 7tf

AMUSEMENTS.

TIVOLI THEATER.

Corner of First and Madison.

EDWIN STEPHENS.....Manager.

REOPENING.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 30, 1884.

"THE MAGIC DOLL."

Admission.....35c and 50c.

NEW MARKET THEATER.

C. W. COLVILLE.....Manager.

Last Three Nights of the Unequaled

FAY TEMPLETON OPERA CO.

TO-NIGHT, THURSDAY, SEPT. 4.

The Great Comic Opera in Three Acts,

OLIVETTE!

With the Production with a cast of

——Star Artists——

INCLUDING

FAY TEMPLETON, HARRY BROWN,
GEO. TRAVENER, GEO. OLMI.

Secure your seats at Cornelius' drug store to-day without extra charge.

Friday.....Mascotte
Saturday Matinee.....Olivette
Saturday Night.....Olivette

Remember the Matinee matinee. Popular prices.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

COL. H. H. BLAKE, Manager. WM. GRIFFIN, Proprietor.

"THE GILMAN,"

Directly Per Holton House.

First and Alder Streets.

European plan. The recently refitted and richly furnished and elegant house is now the most convenient resort in Portland. Rates, 50 cents per day and upward, rather than by season or week.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

HON. M. C. GEORGE,

Oregon's representative in congress, will address the people on the issues of the campaign

In Independence Monday evening, Sept. 8th; Dallas, Tuesday evening, 9th; Hillsboro, Wednesday evening, 10th; Forest Grove, Thursday evening, 11th; Philomath, Monday evening, 15th; Corvallis, Tuesday evening, 16th; Independence, Wednesday evening, 17th; Albany, Thursday evening, 18th; Scio, Friday evening, 19th; Mt. Miguville, Saturday, 1 P. M., 20th; Lebanon, Saturday evening, 20th; Sodaville, Monday evening, 22d; Brownsville, Tuesday evening, 23d; Harrisburg, Wednesday evening, 24th; Junction City, Thursday evening, 25th; Eugene City, Friday evening, 26th; Salem, Saturday, 27th; Monmouth, Monday evening, 29th; Dallas, Tuesday evening, 30th; Rickreall, Wednesday, Oct. 1st; Grand Ronde, Thursday, 2d, P. M.; Grand Ronde, Thursday evening, 2d; Kirkpatrick, Friday, 3d, P. M.; Grand Ronde, Friday evening, 3d; Rosedale, Saturday, 4th, P. M.; Independence, Saturday evening, 4th; Monmouth, Sunday evening, 5th; Salem, Sunday evening, 5th; Silverton, Tuesday, 1 P. M., 7th; Mt. Angel, Tuesday evening, 7th; Gervais, Wednesday, 8th, P. M.; Hubbard, Wednesday evening, 8th; Aurora, Thursday evening, 9th; Butteville, Friday evening, 10th; Baker City, Friday evening, 24th; Prairie City, Monday evening, 27th; Canyon City, Tuesday evening, 28th; Prineville, Saturday, Nov. 1.

All friends interested in the success of party, including ladies, are most cordially invited to attend.

RALLY, REPUBLICANS!

ALL REPUBLICANS DESIRING TO ASSIST in organizing Blaine and Logan campaigns for the present campaign are invited to sign the roll of membership, which will be found at the headquarters of the Soldiers' Campaign Club, First Ward, Second Ward, J. R. Ball, W. T. Atwood, Secretary. Third Ward—Jos. W. H. Saylor, L. C. Farrar and O. Sutherland. Fourth Ward—Jos. Buchtel. Names can be found at the following places: John McCracken, 20 Front st.; Ben Stone, corner D. H. W. H. Saylor, office 127½ First st.; Solomon's, store of this kind, corner Front and Yamhill; Buchtel's, First and Stark sts.; D. Clarke, drug store of Woodard & Clarke, 1 st.; Parker, Mesquite Saddle Co., Second, office on Front and Yamhill; R. Ball, Ankeny and Front sts. According to join said companies, who can, are cordially invited to call there and leave their names as said committee and sign the roll, and bring their friends. Come on, come all, and swell the ranks.

By order of the Committee.

JOHN McCRAKEN, Chairman.
O. F. PAXTON, Secretary.
Portland Aug 29, 1884.

BAND INSTRUMENTS.

THE LEADING MAKERS OF THE WORLD.

MISSENHARTER, COURTOIS, K. & C. French Pistons.

BUFFET, CRAMPON & CO., CLARIONETS, the Artist Instrument.

——GENUINE——

MEYER FLUTES AND PICCOLOS.

KOHLER & CHASE, BAND HEADQUARTERS.

71 Morrison St., Portland,

The largest stock of BAND SUPPLIES on the Pacific Coast.

BALTIMORE FISH MARKET.

Largest and cheapest Wholesale and Retail Fish Market on Northwest coast.

Poultry, Fish and Game of all Kinds, Oysters, Clams and Mussels

ALWAYS ON HAND.

First Street, between Jefferson and Columbia.

Country orders solicited. Goods delivered free to any part of the City.

GEO. QUSTIN & CO. 3m10

THE GARDEN OF EDEN.

CHARLES SMALLBONE,

FLORIST AND LANDSCAPE GARDENER PERsons in want of bouquets and cut flowers, floral designs, floating work orders. Rose bud practical nurseryman.

Having erected a large green house, I shall be happy to deal with all parties in want of Cut Flowers, Bouquets or ornamental designs. Strict application for special favors. Plants potted, and every instruction given to those who desire it.

Thanking you for customs' patronage during the last few years, I still hope to remain obsequiously,

CHARLES SMALLBONE,
Rose cultivator and city Park
Nursery Florist,
Portland, Oregon.

Oregon Electrical Works.

JULIUS DILG,

ELECTRICAL OPTICAL

AND SURVEYORS' INSTRUMENTS

For sale, made or repaired.

Gas Model and Experimental Work a specialty. 164 Fourth St., bet. Morrison and Yamhill. P. O. Box 97, PORTLAND, OR.

JAMES WEST,

GUNSMITH.

Fine Repairing, Choke Boring and Rocking Shotguns.

Barrels browned, Case Hardening, Blueing, etc., filling sight ed and all work in it done done in a first class manner. All goods and rates reasonable. Orders by mail or express promptly attended to. Send for catalogue of guns, fishing tackle, etc. 30 JAS. WEST, No. 6 Second street, Walla Walla, W. T., P. O. box 83. 10

TO LET—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—5 ROOMS, KITCHEN AND CELlar, with bath room. Inquire for rental family, S. J. Ackerman, room 4, 84 Second st. 9tf

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS to let, cheap. Enquire of Dr. Hall, 209 Morrison, between Third and Fourth. 9tf

TWO LET FURNISHED ROOMS—PLEASANT 2d floor, corner of family; small; located at present. 9tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—ONE BLOCK from post office; use of bath room; rent low. Apply at 9 Yamhill street. 9tf

CHEAP BRICK BLOCK, COR. 1ST AND MAR ket streets, to be moved off; the lot 50x100 can be leased for many years. The block now occupied by the Portland Savings Bank. Apply to the bank. 9tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—ONE BLOCK from post office; use of bath room; rent low. Apply at 9 Yamhill street. 9tf

CHEAP BRICK BLOCK, COR. 1ST AND MAR ket streets, to be moved off; the lot 50x100 can be leased for many years. The block now occupied by the Portland Savings Bank. Apply to the bank. 9tf

FOR RENT—2 ROOMS, CHEAP, AT 84 SECond st., between Ankeny and Pettygrove. 9tf

FOR RENT—ROOMS AND BOARD, 1 BLOCK from Postoffice, 214 Second st. 9tf

FOR RENT—2 UNFURNISHED ROOMS AT 224 Second st., between Ankeny and Pettygrove. 9tf

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, 20 Second st., between Ankeny and Pettygrove. 9tf

TO RENT—ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UNfurnished, with or without board, at 74 Second st., between Ankeny and Pettygrove. 9tf

TO RENT—A COMFORTABLE ROOM IN the family; suitable for two gentlemen; terms moderate. Inquire at 9 Yamhill st. 9tf

TO RENT—TWO COMFORTABLE ROOMS AT 224 Second st., between Ankeny and Pettygrove. 9tf

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, 20 Second st., between Ankeny and Pettygrove. 9tf

TO RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM IN the family; suitable for two gentlemen; terms moderate. Inqu

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

SALEMAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 43 First, between Yamhill and Taylor sts. Portland, Or. Cash advances made on consignments of Real Estate and Personal Property. Sales of Real Estate, Stocks, Bonds, Furniture, Horses, Carriages, etc., every Tuesday and Friday at 10 o'clock A. M.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

We will sell at our salesroom, No. 43 First st., on

TUESDAY, SEPT. 9, 1884, at 10 A. M.,

1 Piano, Elegant, 1 Black and Harness.

Household Furniture and Carpets,

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

T. J. O'CONNOR, Auctioneer & Commission Merchant

First and Third Mondays and Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Real Estate, Furniture & Merchandise Sale.

Office and Salesroom, 51 First st., bet. Yamhill and Taylor.

CITY OF SALEM BONDS

THE CITY OF SALEM HARBOR IMPROVEMENT BONDS

Are now ready for sale, the improvement having been completed and accepted by the City Council.

Steamboat Wharves

Of North Pacific coast will be the site of the City of Salem, on the Willamette river, 50 miles southerly from the mouth of the river, and 1 mile northerly from the junction of the Santiam and Willamette rivers. Unobstructed navigation to the harbor on grade of 2 feet per mile.

The Entrance

To which from the ocean is equal to that of the Columbia river. Pacific Coast and Interior Railroads centering here. The best soil, climate and water. Lumber, manufactures and agriculture are very valuable.

Large Vessels

Can load on either side and depart from the Independence Bridge. Region adjacent to Salem is the most productive of timber, manufactures, agriculture and fruits. Salem is the center of this region, and the lumber and milling interests are very valuable.

The City's equity in the Salem Water, Light & Power Co. is worth more than the amount of its bonds. The rental of gas and electric lights is sufficient to pay the interest on the bonds.

The Improvements

Are in operation at an early date, are a good investment, and are unincumbered, the water supplies being from an abundance of

Pure Fresh Water.

Situation is unusually healthful, and in fact the city has all the requisites for a healthful manufacturing city.

We are now offering for 60 days it will last, the remainder of the issue of bonds at par and accrued interest. For particulars inquire at the office of the undersigned.

W. A. NEWBURY, City Treasurer.

Salem, Or., 52 Morrison street, Portland, Or.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

D. P. KENNEDY,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW, Room 5, Dekum's Building.

Entrance, 1st door south of Morrison st. Practice in all the courts conducted, also land-office business. Will attend to contested cases before the U. S. Land Office at Roseburg. Will also attend to cases in the Supreme Court of the State. Will practice in the Federal Courts. Will attend to cases in Probate Courts. Will attend to cases in Justices' Courts. Will attend to cases in Circuit Courts. Will attend to cases in District Courts. Will attend to cases in Supreme Courts. Will attend to cases in Federal Courts. Will attend to cases in State Courts. Will attend to cases in County Courts. Will attend to cases in Municipal Courts. Will attend to cases in Police Courts. Will attend to cases in Coroner's Courts. Will attend to cases in Grand Juries. Will attend to cases in Petit Juries. Will attend to cases in Trial Juries. Will attend to cases in Appellate Courts. Will attend to cases in Supreme Courts. Will attend to cases in Federal Courts. Will attend to cases in State Courts. Will attend to cases in County Courts. Will attend to cases in Municipal Courts. Will attend to cases in Police Courts. Will attend to cases in Coroner's Courts. Will attend to cases in Grand Juries. Will attend to cases in Petit Juries. Will attend to cases in Trial Juries. Will attend to cases in Appellate Courts.

ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS.

H. HAWGOOD, Architect, A. M. Cornell C. E. Ithaca College, Ph. Ph. Ph.

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 4, 1884

PACIFIC COAST.

CALIFORNIA.

Whistler-Belmas Wrestling Match.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—The wrestling match between Clarence Whistler and Pedro Belmas, last evening at Woodward's garden, attracted an audience of about 2,000. The match was five rounds for stakes—$500—and a purse of $1000. The first fall, which lasted ten minutes and ten seconds, was won by Whistler. The second round consisted of twenty minutes work, and three minutes rest, and at the end of seven minutes and thirty-seven seconds, Whistler again scored his opponent, winning the match. In the second round a foul was claimed by Belmas, but the referee were so slight that it was not allowed by the referee.

The Butler Party.

[Special]—Ex-Mayor Kelloch has opened the campaign for Butler, and will speak in every county in the state. The Butler party here is almost identical with the old so-called workingmen's party, that is mostly made up of malcontents and broad arse, whose presence is not a drawing common is a shame and fraud. The only notable accession to the party is Ned Marshall, attorney general of the state, and former-ly a democrat. So will ex-Mayor Kelloch, and so far as known will be about the only respectable feature in the Butler campaign.

Personal.

[Special.]—E. E. Beach will sail for home on Saturday.

Miss Laura Anderson of Washington has entered Miff's seminary for the year.

E. B. Smith, general agent of the O. R. & N. Co., in this city, left to-day for the east to attend the Saratoga railroad convention.

Working on Bicycles.

[Special.]—An effort is being made to work up an oversight in business between this city and Portland. The hotels are flooded with circulars setting forth the advantages of the overland passage, and the rates are sufficiently "working" proposi-tion to passengers.

San Droward.

This afternoon, as the tug Sea King was engaged in towing a ship in from the sea, she ran into and completely demolished a white hall boat containing three men, one of whom was drowned. His name is unknown.

Joint Stock Consolidation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—The *Chronicle's* Salt Lake special says: The Livingston, M. T., *Enterprise* has brought out the *Tribune* of that place, and will merge it into the former.

Chit-spice Intelligence.

ARRIVED—British steamer Barnard Castle, 1948 days from Departure bay, 2060 tons coal, to R. Dunsmuir & Sons. Ballad—Steamer St. Paul, Erskine, Comalaska.

Departure of a War Correspondent.

Albert Forman, of the *Chronicle* editorial staff, left yesterday on the steamer Rio Janeiro for China, to act as a special war correspondent for the *Chronicle*.

Burial of Howard Pumeroy.

[Special.]—The body of Howard Pumeroy, whose death occurred at Mount Shasta a few days ago, was buried yesterday, and was buried to-day.

Death.

[illegible] secretary of the Alaska Commercial Co., this morning, aged 65, at his residence in this city.

Sued for Libel Suit.

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 3.—The proprietors of the *Record-Union* on charge of criminal libel, were this evening arrested by Sheriff Stevens, late clerk in the office of the state land com-

TERRITORY.

Under the Gallows' Shadow.

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Fire Shot Ahead.

HELENA, Sept. 3.—Another attempt to burn Missoula was made last night. A pile of oil soaked [illegible] was kindled in a building near the burned district at 10:30, but extinguished without damage. A strong force of extra police are patrolling the town.

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A FATAL HEART.

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SECOND LECTURE.

Herr Friedrich Schoenemann Post Speaks Again to a Small But Select Audience of Our Educated German Citizens.

The singing section of the Turners entertained the audience before the lecture last evening with a song, "Friends, Brethren, Be Welcome," a song very suitable for the occasion.

Rev Schuenemann Post who speaks in plain rather elevated German, in a way which is not pointed towards keeping up excitement, but speaks in a dry of facts which are known to men conversed with a history and proving his statements by citations from letters and works of great men, and chosen for this evening the subject: "Historical records of the free religious movements among the Anglo American race." In his introduction he [illegible] ed in a severe and sarcastic language the claims of the Germans, and especially of the German-Americans, that all the modern views of the world were originated only by Germans. He enumerated a part of those men, and not a small number of Englishmen, Frenchmen, Italians and Spaniards, who were active for enlightenment before, during and after the reformation, besides their German fellows Luther, Lessing, Schiller and Goethe. He emphasized that France had her encyclopedists, England her atheists, and both hemispheres their Thomas Paines to enlighten the world.

He proposed that the present assemblage was versed with the latest events of the free religious movement to this country, therefore he chose to speak more of its origin, presuming that he could tell about the beginning to the amusement many a new thing. Reform never had its root in a whole nation, but always only in small insignificant causes, and always in single persons. Reform in religious views arose always in contrast with unmentality, the doctrine of faith, forms of law, the divine service, and constitutional laws. He referred to the fact that all reform movements commenced with the last, last in, with the most unassuming. That arose doubts about the right of the church which met with the small effect made and not until then this satisfaction with the divine service were created, men commenced to shape all the basis and the principles of the divine doctrine.

Just in the same way as dissatisfactions and doubts originated in other subjects of the world, just in the same manner they arose in this country. The Puritans, no longer contented with the High Church of England, came to this country to comply with their conscience and to reform the church in fact in-significant customs; they never thought of reforming the basis of the Christian faith; they only wanted some of the rites altered and changed in accordance with their common sense. And they adhered so much to their faith that out of the prosecuted grew persecutors by fanaticism. Like the Puritans, but the Quakers were the pioneers of being the pioneers of spiritual development. They, before all other sections, questioned the right of the clergy.

Mysticism always led to a living protest against orthodoxy; the one sticks to the dead letter, the other to the heart. Logic and philosophies the reformists had to work is evidenced by the fact that in the year 1793 the English parliament rejected the bill for the abolition of capital punishment on account of being an adherent of Unitarianism, and not before 1813 was this law abolished by an act of the English parliament.

The great men of the revolution, the fathers of the United States republic, were the men of enlightenment of their time. Thomas Paine did not a less work with the pen than George Washington with the sword. Benjamin Franklin's views of religion are best stated by the fact that he seldom used the words God or Lord, but in place of it Deity, Providence, etc. He was associated by the fanatics for interference with the divine institutions of the world by his invention of the lightning conductor.

George Washington, whom churchmen delight to call their own, was declining without any doubt from the old Christian faith. Jefferson relates the fact, and says that Washington was an infidel as he himself was. When Washington was re-nounced by the clergy and to whose sermons he frequently listened, but he always left the church when the Lord's supper was given, he never again visited the church when he was informed that the communists would be given after the sermon.

The infidelity of Thomas Jefferson is known, but it is works are not so much known as is to be wished. His words, "Let your reason only direct," His wished that we should return to the principles which were predominant at the building up of the republic.

In finishing, the speaker mentioned that the new organizations of the Quakers, who cleared the ecstasy on the old views, were especially working towards religious enlightenment. In 1881, the society of progressive friends was incorporated. The family of Bayard Taylor is among its most ardent members. At the head of the society, of two hundred members, is the state secretary of Connecticut called "The Association of the United States." Among many others whose names are known, Robert Dale Owen, Samuel Longfellow, Wendell Phillips, Adler and [illegible] Frothingham, Rabbi Wise, Emerson, [illegible] liberal leaders [illegible] the progress [illegible] public [illegible] manner [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING SEPT [illegible]

PACIFIC COAST.

CALIFORNIA.

Whistler-Belmos Wrestling Match.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—The wrestling match between Clarence Whistler and Pietro Belmos, last evening at Woodward's Pavilion, attracted an audience of about 2,000. The match was Graco-Roman for stakes—$500—and a purse of $500. The first fall, which lasted 10½ minutes and ten seconds, was won by Whistler. The second round consisted of twenty minutes work, and three minutes rest, and at the end of seven minutes and forty-seven seconds, Whistler again secured his opponent, winning the match. In the second round a foul was claimed by Belmos, but the grounds were so slight that it was not allowed by the referee.

The Butler Party.

[Special.]—Ex Mayor Kalloch has opened his campaign for justice, and will speak in every county in the state. The Butler party here is almost identical with the old so-called workingman's party, that is merely made up of malcontents and broken wires, whose existence of being with this is a sham and fraud. The only notable accession to the party is Ned Marshall, attorney general of the state, and formerly a democrat. His will assist Kalloch, and so far as known will be about the only respectable feature in the Butler campaign.

Personal.

[Special.]—F. E. Beach will sail for home on Saturday.

Miss Laura Anderson of Washington has entered Mill's seminary for the year.

D. B. Jackson, agent of the O. R. & N. Co. in this city, left to-day for the east to attend the saratoga railroad convention.

Working up Business.

[Special.]—An effort is being made to work up an overland passenger business between this city and Portland. The hotels are to [illegible] with forth the advantages of the overland passenger, and efforts are industriously "working" prospective passengers.

Was Drowned.

This afternoon, as the tug Sea King was engaged in towing a tug from Port Costa to this port, she ran into and completely demolished a white hull boat containing three men, one of whom was drowned. His name is unknown.

Journalistic Consolidation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—The *Chronicle's* Salt Lake special says: The Livingston, M. T., *Enterprise* has bought out the *Tribune* of that place, and will merge it into the former.

Shipping Intelligence.

Arrived—British steamer Barnard Castle, Smith, 45½ days from Departure bay, 2000 tons coal, to R. Dunsmuir & Sons. *Sailed*—Steamer St. Paul, Erskine, Onalaska.

Departure of a War Correspondent.

Albert Sutliff, of the *Chronicle* editorial staff, left yesterday on the steamer Rio Janeiro for China, to act as a special war correspondent for the *Chronicle*.

Burial of Howard Pomeroy.

[Special.]—The body of Howard Pomeroy, whose death occurred near Mount Shasta a few days ago, arrived here yesterday, and was interred to-day.

Death.

Emanuel Nelson, secretary of the Alaska Commercial Co., died this morning, aged 55, at his residence in this city.

[illegible] other Libel Suit.

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 3.—The proprietors of the *Record-Union* were arrested this evening on a charge of criminal libel, sworn to by Horace Stevens, late clerk in the office of the state land com.

TERRITORY.

WASHINGTON.

Seattle.

News Items from Seattle.

SEATTLE, Sept. [illegible].—[Special.]—The Republican territorial convention, which assembled in this city on Tuesday last, was largely attended by delegates from all parts of the territory, and the proceedings were characterized by the greatest harmony. All the resolutions presented were unanimously adopted, and the platform, as adopted, is a strong one. It declares that the republican party is the only party that can be depended upon to carry out the principles for which it was organized, and that the democratic party is a party of principles, and that the democratic party is a party of principles, and that the democratic party is a party of principles

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CALIFORNIA.

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A FATAL FEAST.

[illegible]

THE RECORD.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]